# Maryland Historical Trust HISTORIC PROPERTIES State Historic Sites Inventory Form

Survey No.
B-4427
Magi No.
DOE \_\_yes \_\_no

1. Nam	e (indicate pref	erred name)			
historic	425-427 North Eutaw Street				
2. Loca	ntion				
		Eutaw Street			
street & number	Baltimore			not for publication	
city, town		vicinity of	congressional distriction	1	
state	Maryland	county		16	
3. Clas	sification				
Category district X building(s) structure site object	Ownership public X private both Public Acquisition in process being considered X not applicable	Status occupied unoccupied work in progress Accessible yes: restricted yes: unrestricted no	Present Use agriculture X commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park private residence religious scientific transportation other:	
4. Own	er of Propert	<b>y</b> (give names	and mailing addres	ses of <u>all</u> owners)	
name	419 N. Eut	aw Partnershi	р	-	
street & number	429 N. Eut	aw Street	telephone	no.:	
city, town	Baltimore	stat	e and zip code	MD 21201	
5. Loca	ation of Lega	l Descript	ion		
courthouse, regis	stry of deeds Bake timore	City Courthou	ıse	iSEB2270	
street & number	100 N. Cal	lvert Street,	Room 610	folio415	
city, town	Baltimore		stat	MD	
6. Rep	resentation i	n Existing	Historical Su	rveys	
title					
date			federal s	state county loca	
pository for su	rvey records				
city, town			stal	te	

Condition

— excellent
— good
— ruins
— fair

— unexposed

Check one

— unaltered
— unaltered
— moved date of move
— moved

Prepare both a summary paragraph and a general description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

# Resource Count: 1

This circa 1900 brick, enframed window wall building is two bays wide and three stories high. It faces west on N. Eutaw Street and abuts two partywall neighbors. The street frontage of the building is 30'4" and the depth is 61'8". The building is currently being renovated into commercial space on the first story and residential apartments on the upper stories.

The first story has been substantially altered into two, roughly symmetrical storefronts. The center of the building is divided by a half-round pier-like wall with an inset rounded display case. Flanking entrances are angled off from this center pier, each providing separate entrance into the two storefronts. The glazed doors have fixed transoms. Both the doors and the pier are recessed behind the plane of the facade. Each bay has a large display window that is flush with the plane of the facade, but has a curved, bowed window that wraps around to meet the outer edge of the angled door. The south end of the second bay contains a glazed single door that provides entry to the upper stories. The entire first story facade is stuccoed and painted white.

The enframed window wall design is more clear on the unaltered second and third stories. Brick piers of pressed yellow brick run up the outer edges and the middle of the facade, thus creating the two bays. The window bays are vertical strips inserted between the piers. Each window unit consists of three 1/1 sash windows with transoms and spandrels in between stories. A bowed effect is created by the angling of the window closest to the building's outer edge (i.e., the first window in the first bay and the third window in the second bay). The angled windows spring from the window in the second bay). The angled out until flush with the inside plane of the brick wall and angle out until flush with the plane of the facade. The two other windows in the unit are flush with the facade. Each window bay is topped with a cornice-like lintel. Modern fire escapes run down the first bays.

The shed-roof building has a projecting cornice that is supported by modillions, followed by an egg and dart molding and a supported by modillions.

backband of raised molding.

The south wall that is not abutting the partywall structure is blank. The north wall completely abuts the partywall building.

The back (east) wall is three stories high and four bays wide. The wall is laid in rougher, red brick. The spacing of the four bays indicates they are two, two-bay units. The first story has been altered into a four-bay pattern of window, door, door, and window. These openings are lower than originally situated and the three-brick soldier course lintels are visible higher up the wall. The second story has three 1/1 sash windows with stone sills and three-brick soldier course. The third story has identical windows, but with a two-brick soldier course.

0. 31	gnificance	Survey No.	B-4427	
Period Areas of Significance— prehistoric archeology-prehistoric 1400–1499 archeology-historic 1500–1599 agriculture 1600–1699 architecture 1700–1799 X 1800–1899 X commerce X 1900—communications		그 그리고 하는 아니 아니는 아니 맛이 있는데 그 그리고 있는데 맛이 되었다. 그 그리고 있는데 그리고 있다.	iterature initiary it philosophy it politics/government	religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify
Specific d	ates	Builder/Architect	unknown	
A	Applicable Criteria: _A and/or Applicable Exception: _A Level of Significance:	A _B _C _D _		

Prepare both a summary paragraph of significance and a general statement of history and support.

The architectural design of this three-story, two-bay, commercial building is an example of a circa 1900 enframed window Architectural historian Richard Longstreth writes wall design. that the enframed window wall design was "most commonly used for retail stores" and that the design "reflects an effort to give greater order to the facade composition of small and moderate-sized commercial buildings."1 The tripartite windows in the second and third stories are indicative of the commercial usage of the upper story, as well as the first story. The separate first-story entrance accessing the upper stories suggests that the building was constructed to hold more than one tenant, and that separate This separation of zones and access entrances were desirable. further suggest that the building was not used as a combination retail-manufacturing space for one business.

The use of yellow brick and classical details are typical architectural elements of the period.

The circa 1900 building may have replaced two earlier 15' wide buildings on two lots. This would be in keeping with the house and narrow lot on the site to the immediate south. If this is true, the substantial reconstruction of the building indicates a changing aesthetic and programatic need of commercial architecture on the street.

The 1991 alterations indicate the revitalization of the neighborhood. The first-story has been remodelled into two storefronts and the upper stories are being converted to apartments. created a "modern" commercial design aesthetic. The use of traditional materials steel and plate glass were combined to modernize the appearance of the street-level shop into a floor-to-ceiling display window.

<sup>1</sup> Longstreth, The Buildings of Main Street, pp. 69, 68.

# 9. Major Bibliographical References

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B-4427

Richard Longstreth, The Buildings of Main Street (Washington: Preservation Press, 1987).

10. Geographical Data	а			
Acreage of nominated property  Quadrangle name Baltimore East Quadrangle name NOT complete UTM re		Quadrangle scale		
Zone Easting Northing	B Zone	Easting Northing		
C	D			
Verbal boundary description and justification		county boundaries		
state code	county	code		
state code	county	code		
11. Form Prepared By				
name/title Diane Shaw, Architectur	al Historian	i		
organization CHAP, Room 1037	d	date December 22, 1991		
street & number 417 E. Fayette St	reet t	telephone 301-396-4866		
city or town Baltimore	s	state MD		

The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 supplement.

The survey and inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

return to:

Maryland Historical Trust

Shaw House

21 State Circle

Annapolis, Maryland 21401

(301) 269-2438

301-614-7000

#### COMPREHENSIVE PLAN DATA

### **HISTORIC CONTEXT:**

Geographic Organization: Piedmont

Chronological/Developmental Period:

Industrial/Urban Dominance, 1870-1930

Historic Period Themes:
Architecture
Economics

Resource Type:
Building

Historic Environment: Urban

Historic Function and Use:

Commercial

Known Design Source: None

## REVISIONS

ST.

LOT 3/4 DIV PERDEED C.SH. 9830 LOT 21/35 PER O.O.; C.SH. 77-044 LOTO 5/6 & 7 COR PER DEEDS; C.SH. 81-254.

(530/548)

# W. FRANKLIN

ST.

8 40 9 10/11 39 0.273 Ac. 38 12 37 36 120'-1" 13 50. PIERCE ST. 14 205-14- 152-614 15 21/35 16 17 18 19 STAT 20 ST. W. MULBERRY

N. HOWARD

(57.7)

CITY OF BALTIMORE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS

563)

PROPERTY LOCATION DIVISION

SECTION WARD вьоск 562

DATE NOV. 1966 SCALE 1-50

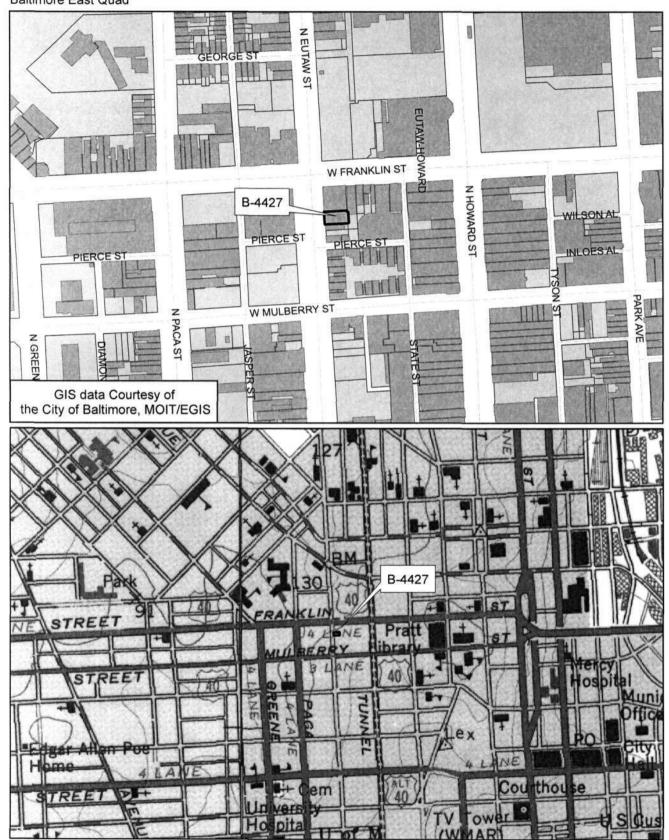
NOTICE THIS IS A REAL PROPERTY PLAT AS PROVIDED

FOR UNDER ARTICLE 76(d) OF THE CITY CHARTER IT IS COMPILED FROM TITLE AND OTHER SOURCES AND IS NOT AN AUTHENTIC SURVEY.

CED BY P.W. TERED BY P.W. CKED BY

N. EUTAW

B-4427 425-427 N. Eutaw Street Block 0562 Lot 039 Baltimore City Baltimore East Quad





B-4427 425-427 N. Eutaw St. Baltimore MD Maryland SHPO Facade, west elevation